

Condensed Statement of

The First National Bank
OF CHICKASHA, OKLAHOMA

At the Close of Business, September 12, 1916.

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$799,346.40
State, County and City Warrants	19,773.06
Premium on Bonds	2,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	10,000.00
Real Estate Owned	50,000.00
Federal Reserve Bank Stock	7,800.00
United States Bonds at par	200,000.00
U. S. Bonds on hand	\$15,000.00
Cash with U. S. Treasurer	10,000.00
Cash in vault	85,378.40
Cash with Banks	221,477.99
State Bonds	184,300.00
Bills of Exchange	10,000.00
	526,156.39
	\$1,614,875.94
LIABILITIES	
Capital	\$200,000.00
Surplus	60,000.00
Undivided Profits, net	2,167.40
Circulation	200,000.00
Individuals	\$1,044,163.85
Deposits: Banks	103,544.69
United States	5,000.00
	1,152,708.34
	\$1,614,875.94

The above statement is correct.

F. L. SLUSHER, Cashier.

The above figures show the condition of this bank. We invite accounts of all desiring safe, conservative and liberal banking connections. No rediscounts, No borrowed money.

Report of the Condition of

THE FARMERS STATE BANK

Chickasha, Oklahoma

At the Close of Business, September 12, 1916.

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$244,944.32
Furniture and Fixtures	3,500.00
Real Estate	4,700.00
Bonds and Warrants	\$24,149.74
Cash and Sight Exchange	56,137.65
	80,287.39
	\$332,352.31
LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock Paid In	\$ 50,000.00
Surplus	5,250.00
Undivided Profits, net	2,288.99
Deposits	274,813.32
	\$332,352.31

The above statement is correct.

J. W. WILSON, Cashier.

Condensed statement of

The Chickasha National Bank

At the close of business September 12th, 1916.

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$ 363,563.22
Overdrafts	1,622.34
U. S. Bonds	50,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	5,168.35
Real Estate	8,985.78
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank	3,450.00
Warrants and Securities	10,723.37
Bills of Exchange	12,888.50
Cash and Sight Exchange	129,535.56
Total	\$ 585,937.12
LIABILITIES	
Capital	\$100,000.00
Surplus	18,000.00
Undivided Profits	7,232.71
Circulation	50,000.00
Rediscounts with Federal Reserve Bank	43,150.57
DEPOSITS	367,493.84
Total	\$ 585,937.12

The above statement is correct.

ROY C. SMITH, Cashier.

Accounts of firms and individuals respectfully invited. No excess in loans. No loans to officers.

DIRECTORS: T. H. Dwyer, Roy C. Smith, Wm. E. Dwyer, W. H. Wadsworth, J. E. Schow, L. D. Major, J. A. Rose, J. H. Stine.

**SUFFRAGISTS CERTAIN
OF DEMOCRATS' HELP**Leaders Resent Efforts to Turn
the Cause Into an Adjunct
of Republican Party.**WON OVER BY PRESIDENT**"I Have Come Here to Fight WITH
You," He Tells Them—"Wilson
Voted for Suffrage; Has
Hughes?" Asked One.

Western women who have had the ballot equally with the men for several years resent the interference of one of the factions of suffragists and the attempt to turn the suffrage cause into an adjunct of the Republican party. They believe they know how to vote without being told by women who never had the vote; and they refuse to turn against the Democrats who have done so much for their cause in their respective states.

This attitude is brought out clearly in an interview by Nikola Greeley-Smith, nationally prominent as a writer on the staff of the New York World, with Mrs. Alexander Thompson, Democratic National Committee woman from Oregon, and Mrs. Theresa M. Graham of Coeur d'Alene, Idaho. "One would think," observed Mrs. Thompson to Miss Greeley-Smith, "that if any instruction in suffrage matters had to be given it would come from the women who have won the vote and do vote rather than from suffragists in the East who are still disfranchised. I am a young woman, but I have been through three campaigns for the vote in Oregon. In the final campaign we won through the co-operation and help and belief in us of the men of Oregon."

Aided by Democrats. "We have been voting only five years and we are still grateful to our men. So, when the Congressional Union sent speakers to Oregon to tell us to vote against all Democrats we laughed at them. Why, at the last election they campaigned against George E. Chamberlain, who introduced the first Suffrage bill in Oregon and who had been the friend of the women all through their fifteen years' fight."

"I agree with every word that Mrs. Thompson has spoken," declared Mrs. Graham. "The conditions in my State are the same as in Oregon, except that we have had the vote for twenty years, and it was given to us without our having to fight for it. The Congressional Union has speakers in Idaho now urging us to slaughter the Democrats and free our sisters in the East. How silly that is! Are women in the East so foolish as to be led away by the mere declaration of a candidate, unsupported by his party, that he's personally in favor of a Federal amendment? Woodrow Wilson voted for Suffrage. Has Charles E. Hughes ever voted for Suffrage? Wilson has done everything consistent with a belief in State rights, one of the fundamental principles of Democracy. Suffrage can never win as a partisan issue. Alienate the Democrats en masse and you have killed every chance Suffrage has."

Won by Wilson's Speech. It is admitted by practically all suffragists that their cause has been helped greatly by the speech President Wilson made before the convention of the National Woman's Suffrage Association at Atlantic City recently, on Sept. 8th. When the President told them he had "come here to fight with you" the 4000 suffragists gathered in Nixon's Theatre arose and cheered him enthusiastically.

This pledge by the President led

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the association, to say:

"You touched our hearts and won our fealty when you said you had come here to fight with us."

"The astonishing thing about this movement," said President Wilson, "is not that it has grown so slowly, but that it has grown so rapidly. * * * I get a little impatient sometimes about the discussion of the channels and methods by which it is to prevail. It is going to prevail, and that is a very superficial and ignorant view of it which attributes it to mere social momentum. It is not merely because the women are discontented, it is because the women have seen visions of duty, and that is something which we not only cannot resist, but, if we be true Americans, we do not wish to resist."

"I have felt as I sat here tonight the wholesome contagion of the occasion. Almost every other time that I ever visited Atlantic City I came to fight somebody. I hardly know how to conduct myself when I have not come to fight somebody, but with somebody."

"I have come to suggest, among other things, that when the forces of nature are steadily working and the tide is rising to meet the moon, you need not be afraid that it will not come to its flood. We feel the tide, we rejoice in the strength of it."

**BURBANK OUT FOR WILSON.
"THE GREATEST STATESMAN"**

Announcing his support of President Wilson, Luther Burbank, the horticultural wizard of California, said: "I believe him to be the greatest statesman we have ever had."

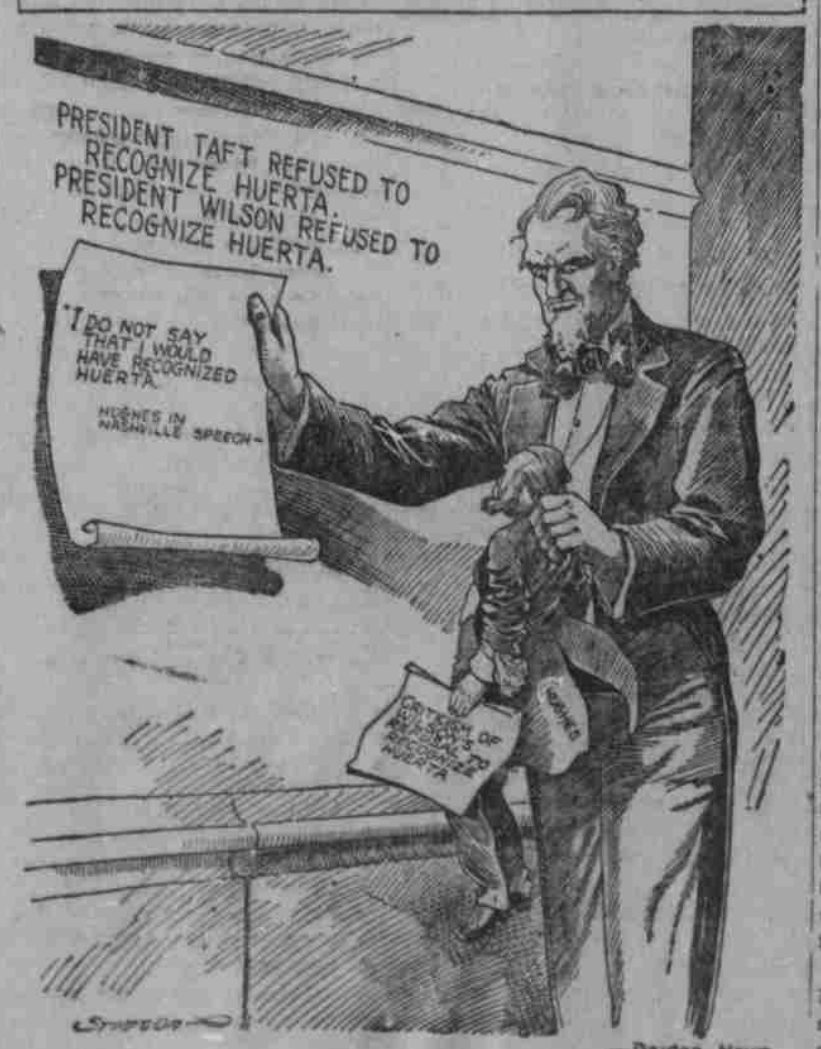
Mr. Burbank, the Edison of scientific horticulture, declared that without reserve he endorsed the position announced a week earlier by Thomas A. Edison. Both Burbank and Edison

LUTHER BURBANK.
UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

have been life-long Republicans. Edison put it this way: "Times are too serious to talk in terms of Republicanism or Democracy. When it's America that is at stake men have got to vote as Americans. A fool or a coward would have had the United States in all sorts of trouble. As it is, we are at peace, the country was never more prosperous, and we have the strength that comes with honor and integrity of purpose."

AN ANTI-CAMPAIGN?

As a candidate Mr. Hughes has not yet come up to expectations. The trouble is that he has not yet told the American people positively and concretely just what he proposes to do if elected President. The American people want to know what constructive program Mr. Hughes has to offer them. They demand of a leader a demonstration of leadership. There is a serious danger that the Republican candidate may become an "anti." And it never pays in this world to be an anti-anything.—The Independent.

"What Would You Have Done? The People Have A Right To Know"

—Dayton News.

GROSS PRODUCTION**TAX REPORT**

Oklahoma City, Sept. 25.—A statement by E. B. Howard, state auditor, shows that collections of revenues under the gross production tax of 3 per cent since February, when the law went into effect, until Sept. 1, aggregates \$1,270,009.28, of which sum \$336,385.92 was protested and not turned into the revenues.

The state has received \$623,082.27 of this money for benefit of the general revenue fund, the remainder going to the counties that produced it. A large amount of tax from production on restricted lands has not been paid at all and the auditor is issuing tax warrants for this.

NEGRO DOINGS

Negro town has been made lively in the last two days by shooting and other scrapes which are being investigated by the police.

George Summers, who is charged on the police court docket with carrying a pistol, also carries a great welt on the side of his head where he was struck with a club which did not even break the skin. His gun showed that two shots had been fired before his arrest on Saturday night but there is no evidence to show that anybody was hurt.

Nancy Jenkins, who gave \$10 bond on the charge of drunk, did not show up for her trial at 9 o'clock this morning, but shortly after phoned the mayor or asking him to have her sent to jail. Her excuse was that a well known negro character had broken her arm so that the bone was protruding and that she wanted to be arrested to get treatment by the city physician. Dr. Dawson set the broken member.

IN POLICE COURT

The police court had a full docket this morning with other cases continued until the afternoon session.

O. B. Loftin, a negro, was arrested Saturday night for beating his wife but was released on a \$15 bond. Harry Shirley, who is charged with being a third term drunk, gave a \$7 bond.

Officers Looney and Tuck and Sheriff Bailey and Deputy Castleman made a raid on a negro place whose inmates were playing dominoes and were suspected of being engaged in gambling. The following was the net result, all being charged with loitering: Jess Carter gave a \$5 bond, Jim Cole went to jail awaiting trial; Robert Jennings was released on a \$5 bond, Ivy Williams was released immediately after arrest; Henry Johnson was lodged in jail awaiting trial as was Will McDonald.

Nancy Jenkins gave a \$10 cash bond on the charge of drunk and Mrs. Scroggins, Will Golden and Will Wallace were arrested on drunk charges.

George Summers was lodged in jail on the charge of carrying a pistol.

Dr. Corbin sent in a \$5 bill to Mayor Coffman for speeding.

RETURN TO SERVICE

Called for the second time to his country's colors, Cleo R. Riley, son of T. J. Riley, engineer at the city water works, will leave early this week for Fort Sam Houston, San Antonio, to report for duty under the terms of the army reserve bill. Since being discharged from service three years ago after spending two years in the Philippines, and some time at Fort McPherson, Ga., in the quartermaster's department, Riley had been in the employ of the Chickasha railway company in the capacity of motorman until three weeks ago when he entered business college.

The reserve bill, under which former soldiers are being recalled to service, was passed in 1912 but was not operative until last November. It was not until about four months ago, however, that men have been called back into service through its operation.

COUNTY COURT

The county court began its session for the last month in the July term this morning in the district court room. The following cases were disposed of:

In the case of John Cox vs. W. R. Paramore, et al, suit on promissory note, continued for the term by consent.

J. S. Mullen vs. W. E. Cook, suit on notes, motion to make more definite and certain sustained.

John E. Williams vs. W. E. Crouch, suit on contract, motion for new trial overruled, defendant excepts, prays appeal to supreme court, which is granted. Defendant given 30 days to make and serve case made, ten days to suggest amendments, five days notice of settlement, and ten days in which to give supersedeas bond for \$250.

G. C. Ehlerman vs. O. C. Davis and Myrtle Davis, suit on two promissory notes, plaintiff permitted to withdraw announcement of ready and continue

No. 9938

The Oklahoma National Bank
CHICKASHA, OKLAHOMAOfficial Statement (Condensed) to the Comptroller
of Currency at the Close of Business on
September 12, 1916.

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$464,469.29
Overdrafts	3,045.08
U. S. Bonds	25,000.00
Federal Reserve Bank Stock	3,900.00
Furniture and Fixtures	5,000.00
Redemption Fund	1,250.00
State Bonds and Warrants	\$ 24,270.19
Cash and Sight Exchange	395,146.64
	419,416.82
	\$922,051.20
LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock	\$100,000.00
Surplus	30,000.00
Undivided Profits, net	15,812.56
Circulation	25,000.00
Deposits	751,268.64
	\$922,081.20

The above statement is correct.

F. T. CHANDLER, Cashier.

First thoughts of prudent depositors are of the future; a close study of the above statement will show our strength.

Condensed Report to the Comptroller of the Currency
of the Condition of the**Citizens National Bank**

CHICKASHA, OKLAHOMA

At the Close of Business, September 12, 1916.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$366,139.95
Overdrafts	5,193.33
U. S. Bonds	50,000.00
Bonds and securities	5,505.72
Real Estate	17,715.00
Banking House Furniture and Fixtures	20,000.00
Federal Reserve Bank Stock	2,700.00
Cash and Sight Exchange	72,076.23
	\$539,330.23
LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock	\$ 75,000.00
Surplus	15,000.00
Undivided Profits	19,381.75
Circulation	49,900.00
Rediscounts with Federal Reserve Bank	8,385.73
Deposits	371,712.75
	\$539,330.23

case.

The petit jurors will be drawn for the term from a panel of twenty-two, one of the men summoned having died and another not found. Of the remaining twenty-two K. H. May, H. A. Decker, E. H. Eads, Oatley Anderson, R. K. Wooten and Claude Ricker were excused, leaving F. K. Spaulding, Joe Ray, Logan Hanks, S. H. Brown, Henry Entz, B. C. Henderson, R. F. Reese, A. E. Rishel, J. A. Wright, J. F. Miller, E. Tignor, Guy Schmidt, W. H. Crew, Monroe Britain, C. M. Bowers and J. A. Rose.

**PARALYSIS EPIDEMIC
COST CITY A MILLION**

By United Press.
New York, Sept. 25.—Delayed since the regular opening date the first of the month, by the infantile paralysis epidemic which has claimed about 10,000 victims of whom 3,000 died; and which cost the city a million dol-

lars, school opened here today.

A goodly percentage of New York City's boys and girls did not attend, however, because their parents still fear the disease which has baffled city, county, state and federal authorities until the last few weeks.

It now is believed the blood infusion method has shown the way to the control of the disease. Every precaution will be taken to prevent a repetition of the epidemic next year.

Mr. and Mrs. George Parsons spent Sunday with Mr. Parsons' parents near Oklahoma City.

WANTED—Clean cotton rags at the Daily Express office. Highest cash price paid.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Brennenman spent Sunday in Lawton.

Wm. Inman is in Anadarko today on business.

YOU JUMP IN
to the crowd before
one of our demonstrators
and watch him prove by
actual tests the purity of
SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTES

**What was THE Cigarette
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he knows

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